

ROAD TO SANCTUARY DESIGNATION



The National Marine Sanctuaries Act allows NOAA to identify, designate and protect areas of the marine and Great Lakes environment with special national significance due to their conservation, recreational, ecological, historical, scientific, cultural, archeological, educational, or esthetic qualities as national marine sanctuaries.

NOAA's Office of National Marine Sanctuaries serves as the trustee for a network of 14 marine protected areas encompassing more than 170,000 square miles of marine and Great Lakes waters from Washington state to the Florida Keys, and from Lake Huron to American Samoa. The network includes a system of 13 national marine sanctuaries and Papahānaumokuākea Marine National Monument.

DESIGNATION PROCESS STEPS

NOAA identifies areas to consider for national marine sanctuary designation through the community-based Sanctuary Nomination Process. Nominations that successfully complete the process are added to an inventory of areas NOAA could consider for designation. The process for designating a new national marine sanctuary has four steps:



1

SCOPING: NOAA announces its intent to designate a new national marine sanctuary and asks the public for input on potential boundaries, resources that could be protected, issues NOAA should consider and any information that should be included in the resource analysis.



2

SANCTUARY PROPOSAL: NOAA prepares draft designation documents including a draft management plan, draft environmental impact statement that analyzes a range of alternatives, proposed regulations and proposed boundaries. NOAA may also form an advisory council to help inform the proposal and focus stakeholder participation.



3

PUBLIC REVIEW: The public, agency partners, tribes and other stakeholders provide input on the draft documents. NOAA considers all input and determines appropriate changes.



4

SANCTUARY DESIGNATION: NOAA makes a final decision and prepares final documents. Before the designation becomes effective, the Governor reviews the documents. Congress also has the opportunity to review the documents.

SANCTUARY SYSTEM BY THE NUMBERS

179,106

SQUARE MILES of protected area in the National Marine Sanctuary System.

SANCTUARIES GENERATE
\$4 BILLION
ANNUALLY IN LOCAL ECONOMIES.

Number of federally
ENDANGERED
species

35

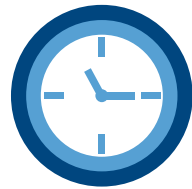
Number of federally
THREATENED
species

23

Number of federally
PROTECTED
marine mammal species

43

Number of National Marine Sanctuary System **VOLUNTEER HOURS** contributed in 2014



140,370



Number of teachers, lifelong learners and students
REACHED

111,778

430

Number of known shipwrecks and sunken aircraft protected in the National Marine Sanctuary System



440 Sanctuary Advisory Council
MEMBERS

200

Number of research

PARTNERS



1972

Year National Marine Sanctuary System was
ESTABLISHED

Olympic Coast

Greater Farallones

Cordell Bank

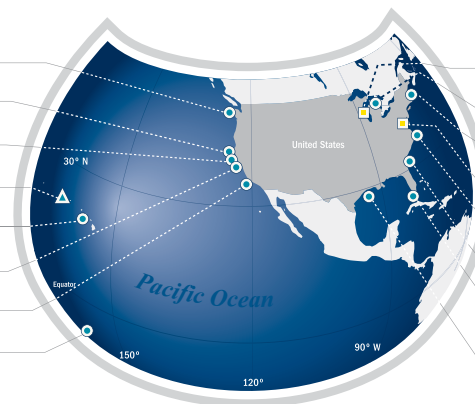
Papahānaumokuākea

Hawaiian Islands Humpback Whale

Monterey Bay

Channel Islands

American Samoa (U.S.)



Wisconsin - Lake Michigan

Thunder Bay

Stellwagen Bank

Mallows Bay - Potomac River

Monitor

Gray's Reef

Florida Keys

Flower Garden Banks

● National Marine Sanctuary

▲ Marine National Monument

■ Proposed National Marine Sanctuary

Scale varies in this perspective. Adapted from National Geographic Maps.